



‘WALK TO SAVE OUR GEOHERITAGE’

21 July 2019

at

**Hyderabad, Jodhpur, Udaipur, Lucknow
Visakhapatnam, Chandigarh**

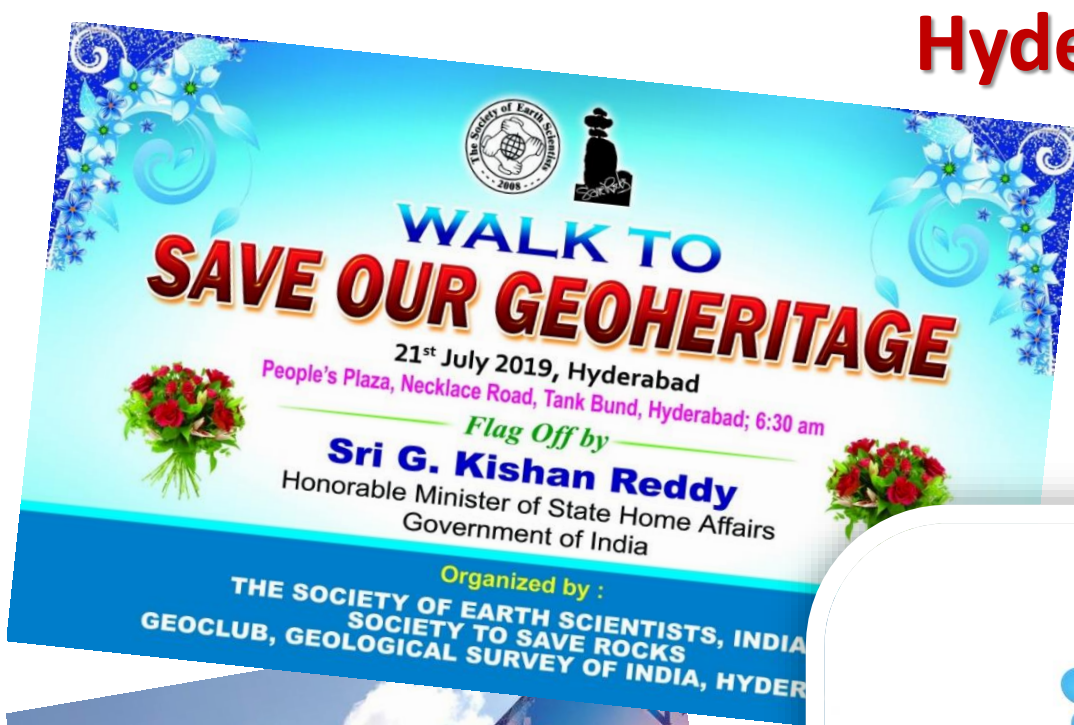
The Society of Earth Scientists called upon the geoscientific community to organize “WALK TO SAVE OUR GEOHERITAGE” on 21 July 2019 as an outreach attempt to invite the attention of society and lawmakers about the need to conserve our Geological Heritage. Various other associated organisations and universities came forward. The event was organized at SIX different locations across the length and breadth of the country:

JODHPUR, UDAIPUR, CHANDIGARH, LUCKNOW, HYDERABAD, AND VISAKHAPATNAM

The walk was attended by geoscientists, students and earth lovers with full enthusiasm. Sri G. Kishan Reddy, Honorable Minister of State (Homes), Government of India flagged off the Hyderabad walk while Sri MVV Satyanarayana, Honorable Member of Parliament, Visakhapatnam flagged off the Visakhapatnam walk.

The event attracted media widely which helped us in propagating the objective across the country.

Hyderabad Walk



**The Society of Earth Scientists, Society to Save Rocks &
Geoclub, GSI, Hyderabad**



హరిటేజ్ ప్రదేశాలను పరిరక్షిస్తాం

కేంద్ర మంత్రి కిషన్ రెడ్డి
జిల్లావారం అందమైన జమ్మి కాశీర్
అల్లకల్లాం మధ్య అభివృద్ధి, పర్యాటక కేంద్రా
నిశి నోమోరేటిని జమ్మి కాశీర్ను, జియో హెరిటేజ్
దానికీ విస్తరణగా కేంద్రాలగా దేశ
ప్రదేశాలను పర్యాటక కేంద్రాలగా
ప్రజలకు అంతరం చేస్తామన్నారు. ఇంత మంది
వార్తాకర్లను కేంద్రం వద్ద ఉంచుకుంటూ
నందనం తెలిపారు. ప్రకృతి నిర్దంగా ఏర్పా
దైన గుట్టలు, ఇంపాటాలు, రాక్ హెరిటేజీలను
కాపాడే లక్ష్యంతో ఏర్పాటుచేసిన సర్వీ ఆఫ్
జియో హెరిటేజ్ వాక్స్ ప్రారంభం చేసిన అనంతరం
అందరూ సర్వీ ఆఫ్ జియో హెరిటేజ్ వాక్స్ ప్రారంభం
చేశారు. ఈ సందర్భంగా అయిన మాట్లాడుతూ,
ప్రకృతి మనల్ని విస్మయిస్తున్నప్పుడు, అభివృద్ధి
అంటే అర్థం మేరలు కాదు ప్రకృతి పరం
క్షణ్ అనర్థం అభివృద్ధి అన్నాడు. కానీ
జమ్మి కాశీర్ రాష్ట్ర జనరాజ్యం, దానిని పెంచు



నీవ్ జియో హెరిటేజ్ వాక్స్ ప్రారంభమవుతున్న కేంద్రమంత్రి



ప్రకృతి పరిరక్షణ కోసం... హైదరాబాద్



ప్రతి ఒక్కరూ ప్రకృతిని కాపాడాలి

'Centre will protect geo-heritage sites'



HANS NEWS SERVICE

Necklace Road: If we love nature it would bless us. Development does not mean constructing roads and skyways, it also means protecting the earth and its heritage too. Save Our Geoheritage.

take a turn towards the development of tourism and protect the geo-heritage sites by resolving the law and order issues in the future. He congratulated and appreciated the

Walk for geo-heritage sites held

TIMES NEWS NETWORK

Hyderabad: Members of Geological Survey of India, Society to Save Rocks and the Society of Earth Scientists organised a Geo Heritage Walk at Necklace Road on Sunday to spread awareness on the need to protect geo-heritage sites.

The walk was also organised to make geological conservation one of the factors in land-use planning, create a stringent legal framework to support the strategy and highlight the draft legislation being prepared for the protection of India's geo-heritage.

Union minister of state for home G Kishan Reddy said, "We have to protect the rocks and other geo-heritage sites in the city. The state and Centre should formulate an Act to protect these treasures. I will do my bit to protect these rocks."

Members of Society to Save the Rocks and other organisations stressed on the importance of framing a law to set up geo-parks and safeguard geo-heritage sites. "It is important to protect these treasures as they are amongst the oldest geological formations in the world," said Frauke Quader, secretary, Society to Save Rocks.

Participants during the walk organised at People's Plaza on Sunday

KISHAN SAYS SAVE CITY'S GEOHERITAGE

DC CORRESPONDENT HYDERABAD, JULY 21

Ministers of state for home G. Kishan Reddy launched the 'Save Our Geoheritage' walk on Sunday.

Some 500 geoscientists, including professors, research scholars and students, participated. The agenda was to bring awareness of the importance of geoheritage to protect nature.

Geoheritage refers to geological features that hold importance for scientific, cultural or educational reasons.

Mr Kishan Reddy said, "Everyone should love nature and protect it. If we love nature it will bless us back. Development is not only making ring roads and skyways but is also development to protect the earth and its heritage. All should make their efforts in this regard; the central government will extend all the possible ways to protect geoheritage sites in the country."

People of all ages participated in the walk and some were excited to meet the minister. Children held placards saying "Save our geo-heritage" and "Respect

Lucknow Walk



The Society of Earth Scientists,
BSIP, Lucknow University,
WaterAid & River Keeper

'भू-विरासत की रक्षा के लिए सही नीति बने'

प्रकृतिक विरासत के संरक्षण के लिए बीएसआईपी, एल्यू और सामाजिक संगठनों ने निकाली जियो हैरिटेज वॉक

■ एनबीटी, लखनऊ: प्रकृति संपद संरक्षण का संदेश देने के लिए विचार को बीएसआईपी युवा विज्ञान संस्थान (बीएसआईपी), एल्यू और अर्थ साइंटिस्ट्स और एल्यू के जियो हैरिटेज वॉक के ओर से 'सेव अवर जियो हैरिटेज वॉक' हुआ। बीएसआईपी से शुरू हुए हैरिटेज वॉक में वॉटरफॉल, वॉटरफॉल, अलायंस, डायरेक्ट जैविकी, एड, बीएसआईपी की निदेशक डॉ. वंदना प्रसाद ने भी हिस्सा लिया। इस दौरान भारतीय जियो हैरिटेज को संरक्षित करने के लिए नीति निर्माणों का ध्यान आकर्षित करने पर चर्चा की गई।

जलवायु संबंधी अभियानियों से संबंधित महत्वपूर्ण जानकारी देता है। ऐसे में इनका संरक्षण करना बहुत जरूरी है। इस दौरान सोरावटी और अर्थ साइंटिस्ट्स के अध्यक्ष डॉ. मुकुंद शर्मा ने हमारी प्रकृतिक विरासत के संरक्षण के तरीकों पर व्याख्यान दिया। उन्होंने कहा कि सांस्कृतिक विरासत



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है, जिसे 5-6 अगस्त को वैश्व के दौरान केन्द्र सरकार के सामने पेश किया जाएगा। इस दौरान लखनऊ यूनिवर्सिटी के प्रो. रामेश्वर बाली, पूर्व डीडीपी डॉ. वी. पी. मिश्रा, वैज्ञानिक और रिसर्च स्कॉलर भी मौजूद रहे।

'Need to preserve UP's geo-heritage sites'

PIONEER NEWS SERVICE ■ LUCKNOW

Birbal Sahni Institute of Palaeobotany (BSIP) and Earth Science Society will be approaching the state government to preserve the geo-heritage sites of Uttar Pradesh.

BSIP director Vandana Prasad said that a walk was being organised in Lucknow jointly with 'Save our Geo-heritage' on July 21. "The walk will witness the participation of earth scientists to attract the attention of people at large and policy-makers in particular regarding the importance of conservation of our geo-heritage sites," she said.

General secretary, The Society of Earth Scientists (SES), Satish Tripathi elaborated the need of geo-heritage conservation. He said that a brainstorming session on 'Conservation of geo-heritage: Present scenario and future action plan' was being organised jointly with Indian National Science Academy on August 6. Lawmakers, policy-makers, technocrats and UNESCO authorities would be apprised of the present status of Indian geo-heritage and need to enforce laws to conserve it, he added.

"Take the case of Kalpi near Kanpur. This site was visited by international scientists in recent years and the site can attract a lot of tourists. The geo-heritage site objects are being used as playful objects by the people and children from nearby places," he pointed out. Tripathi said the country is a geologically diversified terrain ranging from as old as 4 billion years to recent and records some of the world's

greatest geological events.

"Indian subcontinent was one of the most dynamic landmass which shifted its position in time and space from northern hemisphere to southern hemisphere and back to northern hemisphere and ultimately colliding with Eurasian plate, resulting into the mighty Himalaya during various geological periods. The rising Himalaya in the north, Deccan Plateau in the west, mosaic of geologically oldest terrain in the south and the west, great Vindhyan basin, coal bearing Gondwana basins, basins of Himalaya: the Siwaliks and Indo-gangatic plains, the list is too long," he said.

He added that India's geological heritage attracts scientists from every part of the globe. He said all this needs to be preserved for future generations. "The Indian ancestors had great understanding of geological and geomorphological heritage which is indicated by the establishment of ancient temples near geologically significant locations. While our rich cultural heritage has largely been taken care of, the geological heritage is still awaiting its turn. The fossil sites are being vandalised and fossils being sold to various places in India," pointed out.

"In geo-heritage conservation India is far behind many small countries like Malaysia, Vietnam etc. great resource of knowledge, in the form of geo-tourism, and parks is still untapped in India. A has come to formulate a law to serve geo-heritage sites and them into knowledge destination with global standards,"

short stories



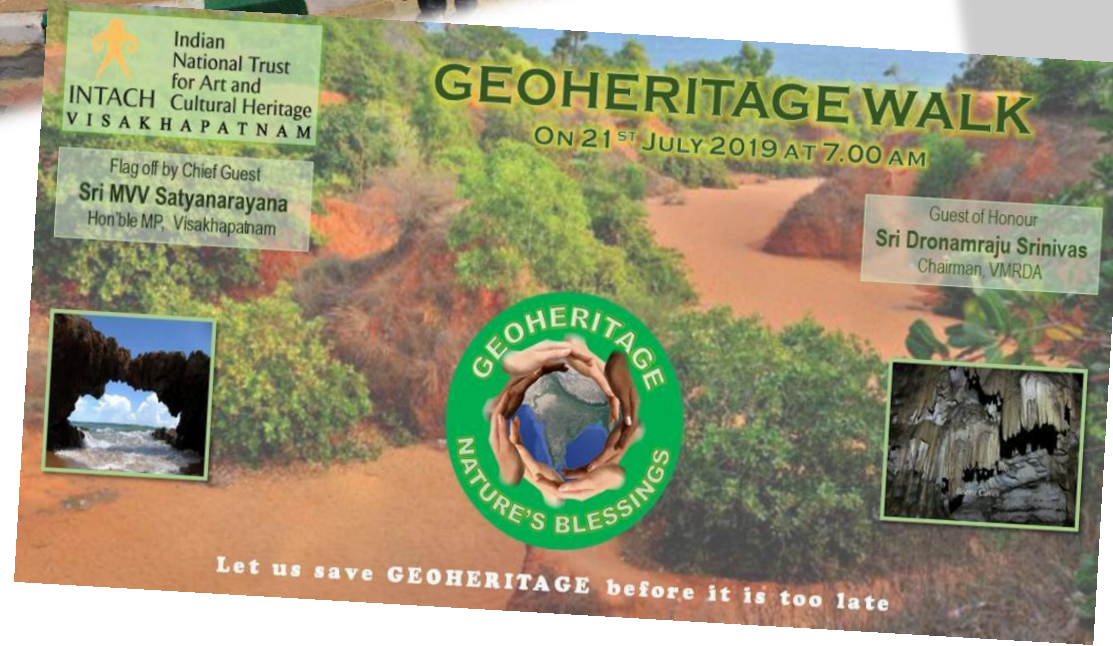
Participants at the Geo Heritage Walk organised in the state capital on Sunday.

EARTH LOVERS PARTICIPATE IN GEO-HERITAGE WALK

LUCKNOW: A Geo-heritage Walk to spread the message of conserving natural heritage was organised here on Sunday. The walk was jointly organised by the Birbal Sahni Institute of Palaeosciences, Society of Earth Scientists, WaterAid, Water Keeper Alliance, Department of Geology, Lucknow University, Directorate Geology and Mining (DGM), Avadh Girls' Degree College, Lucknow and other earth lovers. Dr Vandana Prasad, director, BSIP, inaugurated the walk in the presence of Prof Rameshwar Bali, HoD of geology, Lucknow University, Prof Venkatesh Dutta, Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar University, Lucknow, Dr VP Mishra, Ex-DDG, GSI and other dignitaries. "Geoheritage refers to significant geological features like unique fossils, distinctive rocks and landscapes (lakes, glaciers, coasts, mountains, hills, craters, water bodies, etc.) which provide vital information pertaining to earth's history, evolution and climatic manifestations," said Dr Venkatesh Dutta, a senior faculty member at Babasaheb Bhimrao Ambedkar. Dr Venkatesh Dutta stressed on the need of conserving natural resources such as rivers, springs, lakes, wetlands and several geostructures. Such walk was also organised simultaneously at six other places in India, including Hyderabad, Chandigarh, Udaipur and Vishakhapatnam.

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Lucknow: nals, w involved murder arrested fierce en Krishna Sunday Police involved loots, on Krishna ple were in which shot at an They s dered a hat but fa gang was into two b farpur, B In a pr tional di police, L Krishna were ide

Visakhapatnam Walk was organized by INTACH



PNS ■ VISAKHAPATNAM

There is a massive potential to establish a geo-park in Visakhapatnam as the district has significant geological sites including Erra Matti Dibbalu, recognized as one of the 34 National Geo-heritage sites with important geological features by the Government of India. Nonetheless, the Andhra Pradesh government is yet to spare a thought for such geologically important structures. The geo-heritage refers to the

Geo-heritage refers to sites or areas of geologic features with significant scientific, educational, cultural or aesthetic value. There is a great threat to these important features due to urbanization, mining and other human activities. In order to conserve these geologic features, the INTACH members have urged the state government to establish the Geo-park.

to establish the Geopark along the "Natural Ark" through the Visakhapatnam beach, Borra caves, Bauxite deposit and volcanic ash layer from Indonesia deposited in Araku valley 75,000 years ago coupled with archaeological (Thotlakonda, biological (Thotlakonda, Bakavinda, Bojjanamkonda) and cultural tourist sites such as Araku valley, has a great potential to become a member of Global Geoparks Network.

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Geo-heritage rally showcases city's archaeological wonders

TIMES NEWS NETWORK

Visakhapatnam: To create awareness of Visakhapatnam's geo-heritage, a rally was organised from the Kali Matha Temple to the YMCA on RK Beach road, here on Sunday morning. More than 350 people participated in the rally which was flagged off by Vizag MP MVV Satyanarayana and chairman of the Visakhapatnam Metropolitan Region Development Authority (VMRDA) Dronamraju Srinivasa Rao.

The rally was organised as an attempt to create a geopark in Visakhapatnam with the support of the government. Members from the Indian National Trust for Art and Cultural Heritage (Intach), officers of the tourism and archaeological department, navy cadets, NCC and NSS cadets were present along with members of the Vizag Chamber of Commerce and other eminent citizens of the city.

The walk is a prelude to the proposed meeting to be held at Indian National Science Academy (INSA) on August 8 at Delhi where the draft legislation for saving geo-heritage sites and the need for establishing geoparks in India will be presented to Indian and Unesco authorities," said

he said beaming with confidence," said D. Rajasekhar Reddy. So far, UNESCO has recognised 147 Geoparks of which 39 are in China while in India we have not yet established the Geoparks though there are many potential Geoparks in spite of repeated appeals by the concerned. Now the momentum is gathering again for the creation of Geoparks network in our country. Walk on Sunday to save geo-heritage sites

In order to create awareness to save geo-heritage sites, heritage activists and people from various walks of life would walk from Kali Matha Temple to MCA on July 21.

Followed by the walk, a meeting at YMCA Parking area will be held. Later, the participants will proceed in cars to Erra Matti Pabbay where the officers and

The geo-heritage walk flagged off at RK Beach Road on Sunda

retired Andhra University professor Rajsekhar Reddy and Intach programme coordinator who initiated the need to create awareness and the proposal.

Stating that the geo-heritage walk was successful, Intach convenor Mayank Kumari Deo said, "It is simultaneously being held at different places in our country to create a buzz and spread awareness about the importance of saving our natural geo-heritage sites."

Intach members said Visakhapatnam district has significant geological sites such as Erra Matti Dibbalu (recognised by the government of India as an important geological feature), the natural arch in

The city also has archaeological sites like Thotlakonda, Bavikonda, Bojjanakonda and cultural tourist sites like

Geo-heritage refers to sites with geological features of significant scientific, educational, cultural or aesthetic value. These features face threats from urbanisation, mining and other human activities. In order to conserve these features, Unesco has promoted its geopark initiative by establishing the Global Geopark Network (GGN) in 2004.

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అందుకు ముందుగా అన్ని వాటిని పరిశీలించి, అప్పుడు మాత్రమే ప్రతిపాదించాలి.

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కాక్స్ జిల్లా పరిశాల వాక్
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Geo-heritage refers to sites or areas of geologic fea-

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has sites such as Araku valley
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includes members from
various states and union territories.
The network was launched
on the occasion of the
World Heritage Day on
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UDAIPUR WALK

THE SOCIETY OF EARTH SCIENTISTS, UDAIPUR UNIVERSITY, INTACH



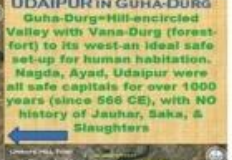
All-India Geoheritage Day : July 21

SAVE GEOHERITAGE-BLESSED UDAIPUR

Recognize, Appreciate, Promote, and SAVE our Geoheritage




UDAIPUR IN GUHA-DURG
Guha-Durg=Hill-encircled Valley with Vana-Durg (forest-fort) to its west-an ideal safe set-up for human habitation. Magdia, Ayad, Udaipur were all safe capitals for over 1000 years (since 566 CE), with NO history of Jauhar, Saka, & Slaughters




VULNERABLE HILL-FORT-PARNAT-DURG
Chittaudgarh provided psychological higher platform, BUT the space, water, & food resources were at the command of invaders, while the defenders were prisoners in their OWN citadel with limited space & resources! This resulted in three sieges of 1303, 1535, 1566 with resultant loss of life of tens of thousands of humans through the three Jauhars, Sakas, & Slaughters.




City Wall & Pictorial Protected UDAIPUR City



This battlement served the purpose admirably during the six-month siege by the Maratha general Mahadji Scindia (1730-1754 CE) in early 1759 and for a short period thereafter during a siege by Ambaji Ingley (1730-1806 CE).
To the east were also a mole from between #15.4 to #6
12 gates were, from S anticlockwise
1. Nanotangal (Jah-Burj)
2. Barampuri
3. Kirchongal (Kirchadwar)
4. Oshpogal (Wankharpur)
5. Surajpuri
6. Dalki-Darwaza
7. Dandol (Dandhawas)
8. Nathpogal (Nathadwar)
9. Choudpuri
10. Sitapuri
11. Ambajipuri
12. Bhakampuri



ZAWAR
>765 BCE Industry







GLOBAL GEOPARK NETWORK OF UNESCO
"A GEOPARK IS A UNIFIED AREA WITH GEOLOGICAL HERITAGE OF INTERNATIONAL SIGNIFICANCE..."

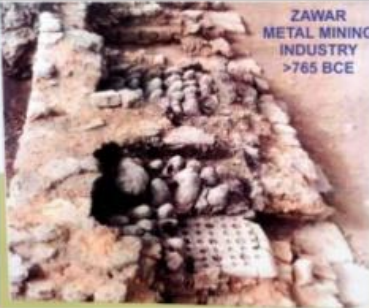


Jhamarkotra Geoheritage Site







SAVE GEOHERITAGE of UDAIPUR




ZAWAR METAL MINING INDUSTRY
>765 BCE



City Wall & Pictorial Protected UDAIPUR City



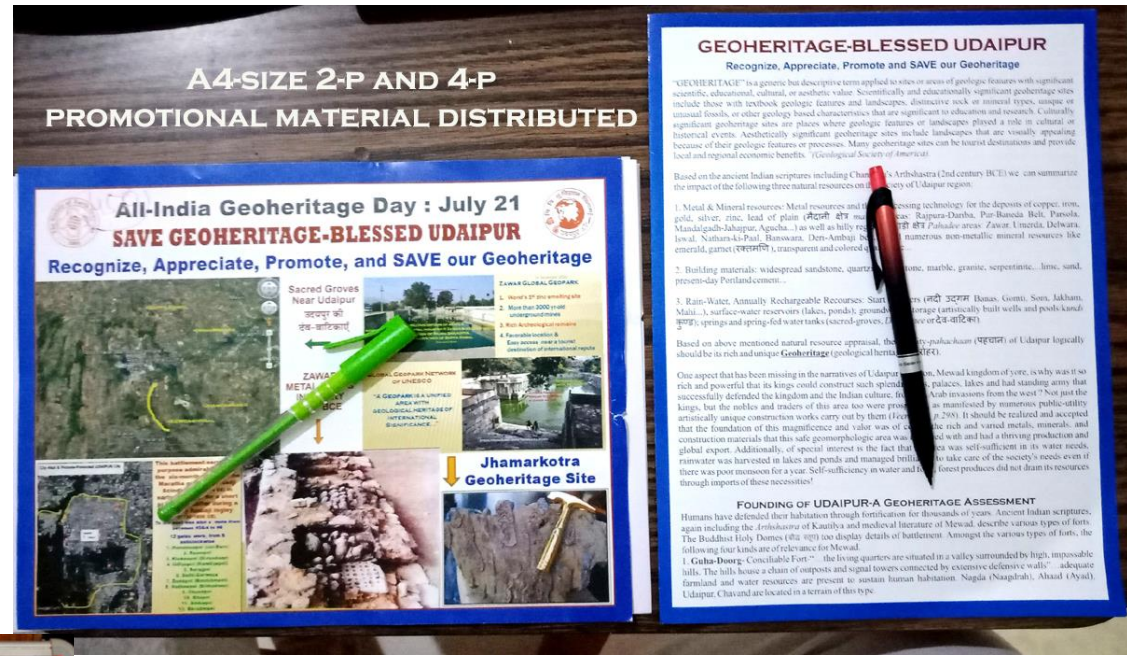
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6. Dalki-Darwaza
7. Dandol (Dandhawas)
8. Nathpogal (Nathadwar)
9. Choudpuri
10. Sitapuri
11. Ambajipuri
12. Bhakampuri



Spring-water Nature Spots Around Udaipur
Perennial spring with ponds and a Shiv temple with mini-forest
Sacred Grove Tourist Circuit
देव-जीवा पर्यटन सर्किट (देवजीवापर्यटन)

1. BAPPA RAVAL
2. BHAKTESHWAR
3. KUNDLESWAR
4. AMBAKOT
5. BHAKTESHWAR
6. BHAKTESHWAR
7. KUNDLESWAR
8. BHAKTESHWAR
9. BHAKTESHWAR
10. BHAKTESHWAR
11. BHAKTESHWAR
12. BHAKTESHWAR


Two Such Display Boards with Publicity Material Used at the Start and Again at the Finish Point, Each Board was Mounted on a Portable Stand, Viewers Took Photographs of These





Udaipur

A GOOD PUBLICITY ACHIEVED THROUGH SOCIAL MEDIA -FACEBOOK, WHATSAPP, INSTAGRAM...


**Pushpendra Singh Ranawat** Timeline ▾ 2019 ▾ July ▾
Manage Posts List View Grid View

Consultant at Kumbha Exclusives

Retired Professor & Dean at MLS University, Udaipur, Rajasthan

Former Coordinator ED Cell at MLSU & DST_Gol


Former Head of the Geology Dept. at MLS University, Udaipur




+ Add Instagram, Websites, Other Links


Photos

Add Photo



**Pushpendra Singh Ranawat** is with Kamal S Rathore and 4 others. July 21 at 11:19 PM · 🌐

अखिल भारतीय प्रथम भूधर दिवस-The first All-India Geoheritage Day was celebrated with enthusiasm at quite a few places across the country but it is yet to pick up in numbers, which is hoped that it will do so in following years. This program was the outcome of the efforts of Geoheritage India Group (GIG), New Delhi and Society of Earth Scientists (SES), Lucknow with like-minded university departments and NGOs (notably INTACH). The Udaipur program started from the scenic Fateh... See More





Shivraj Singh Nipaniya, Manjit Mazumdar and 46 others 12 Comments 2 Shares

Like

Comment

Share


**Pushpendra Singh Ranawat** Timeline ▾ 2019 ▾ July ▾
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Anurag Mehta is with Vandana Joshi and Pushpendra Singh Ranawat at Fateh Sagar. July 21 at 10:15 AM · Fateh Sagar, Udaipur · 🌐

My Watercolor painting based on ancient Zawar Metal Mining Industry(765 BCE) Displayed on "All India Geoheritage Day"at Fateh Sagar.. It is a very good initiative taken to conserve precious Geoheritage of Udaipur.. Thanks a lot Prof. Pushpendra Singh Ji Ranawat Sb. for providing me this opportunity...

Provide translation to Hindi





161

32 Comments 1 Share

Like

Comment

Share

Friends · 5,000 Find Friends

Surendra Verma

Bhupesh Jain

Shivraj Singh Nipaniya

Partha Sarathi

Manjit Mazumdar

Vinay Bansal

M S Chouhan

Vaibhav D Borkar

Pushpendra Singh Ujalya

Life Events Create

Started New Job at Infotainment

December 14, 2014

Started New Job at Kumbha Exclusives

2010

Jodhpur Walk was organized by The Society of Earth Scientists, Mehrangarh Museum, JNVU



Scientists make a pitch for a geo park in Jodhpur

Ajay Parmar / TNN

Jodhpur: With two of world's most exquisite geo formations in Jodhpur, the geoscientist fraternity of the city is rooting for declaration of these sites as a geo park, in order to promote research and study of geo-sensitive sites and leverage them as geo tourism, a term, which has been gaining momentum of late across the globe.

Terming them to be geo heritage, head of the department, geology, JNVU, SC Mathur said that these two formations — the Malani Igneous Rocks and Jodhpur Group of Rocks — are the most unique in the world.

"Of this, the first eruptions of volcanoes about 7.45 billion years ago,

while the second ones are unique sedimentary structures with rich deposits of ripple marks, cross benches, graded bed with fossils," he said, adding that India is second among six such countries with similar geo-outcropping.

Karni Singh Jasol, director of the Mehrangarh Museum Trust, said that the entire Mehrangarh Fort and its surroundings are replete with this outcrop and carry a huge scope for research and tourism. "It is a standard and has a potential for geo-tourism."

Field Walk has been organized on July 21 in Jodhpur to mark the maiden National Geo Heritage Day.

According to Mathur, there are 149 geo parks across the globe and despite no dearth of world-class geo sites in India, not a single park has been set up in India so far.

Interestingly, the government had declared 32 geological monuments in the country in absence

दैनिक प्रतिनिधि

सूर्यनगरी में पहली बार हुई जियो हैरिटेज वॉक

जोधपुर (नर्स)। जयनारायण व्यास विश्वविद्यालय के भू विज्ञान विभाग अर्ध साईंस सोसायटी, इंटेक और मेहरानगढ़ म्यूजिक ट्रस्ट के संयुक्त तत्वावधान में रविवार को जोधपुर में पहली बार जियो हैरिटेज फील्ड वॉक का आयोजन किया गया। यह वॉक मेहरानगढ़ से शुरू होकर राव जोधा पार्क, हाथी नहर होते हुए रानीसर-पदसर पर विस्तारित हुई।

मेहरानगढ़ किले से सुबह 7.30 बजे जियो वॉक शुरू हुई जिसमें स्कूल बच्चे जियो वॉक के छात्र छात्राओं के साथ कॉलेजों के छात्र शामिल हुए। यहां कई गणमान्य लोग शामिल हुए। यहां बसे पहले जियोलाजिकल संरचना बारे में जानकारी दी गई। किले के स्थित ज्वालामुखी चट्टानों का स्थल जियोलाजिक मोन्यूमेंट के न बोर्ड व वॉक का शुभारंभ एसआई के पूर्व महानिदेशक डॉ



मेहरानगढ़ दुर्ग से शुरू हुई जियो हैरिटेज वॉक-फोटो अश्विनी

एसके वाघवन, नरसिंह, जगत सिंह बंशीलाल माथुर ने किया। जियो वॉक प्रति लोगों में जागरूकता पैदा करना है। जियो हैरिटेज ऐसी चट्टानें, खनिज, अद्वितीय जीवाश्म विलक्षण भू-वैज्ञानिक संरचनाएं एवं विशिष्ट पत्थर द्वारा निर्मित प्राचीन इमारतें हैं जो हैरिटेज महत्व एवं भूगर्भवाद के लिए पर्यटकों को आकर्षित करती हैं। विशेषताओं व प्राचीन परसंगत जल स्रोतों के बारे में भी जानकारी हासिल की।

जलते दीप

RNI NO. 26443/66



जियो हैरिटेज को संरक्षित रखने का संकल्प लिया- जोधपुर। मेहरानगढ़ म्यूजियम जेएनवीयू भूविज्ञान विभाग के संयुक्त तत्वावधान में रविवार को जोधपुर जियो हैरिटेज का आयोजन किया गया। वॉक मेहरानगढ़ से होते हुए राव जोधा पार्क, हाथी नहर होते रानीसर पर सम्पन्न हुई। जिसमें शिक्षकों व विद्यार्थियों ने भाग लेकर जियो हैरिटेज का संकल्प लिया।

राष्ट्रदूत जालोर, 22 जुलाई, 2019

हेरिटेज वॉक में लोगों ने उत्साह से भाग दिखाया

जिओ हैरिटेज वॉक जीव दिवस के उपलक्ष्य में हुई

जोधपुर, (कास)। जिओ हैरिटेज की विशेषताओं एवं महत्व पर, में लोगों में जागरूकता लाने के लिए रविवार को आयोजित की गई। इसमें शहर के लोगों ने उत्साह से भाग लिया। फील्ड वॉक से पहले फोर्ट के पास स्थित ज्वालामुखी चट्टानों का नेशनल जियोलाजिक मोन्यूमेंट के साइन बोर्ड का शुभारंभ भी किया गया।

वॉक का शुभारंभ नाहर सिंह, डॉ. एस्के वाघवन, जगत सिंह, डॉ. माथुर पार्षद सोमा माथुर एवं अध्यक्ष नरेश माथुर ने किया। कार्यक्रम के संयोजक जयनारायण व्यास विश्वविद्यालय के भू विज्ञान विभाग के अध्यक्ष प्रोफेसर सुरेश चंद्र माथुर ने बताया कि जिओहैरिटेज आईटी फील्ड वॉक मेहरानगढ़ म्यूजियम ट्रस्ट एवं इंटर के सानिध्य में रखी गई। इसका आगाज

मेहरानगढ़ म्यूजियम ट्रस्ट के निदेशक करणी सिंह ने बताया कि यह जिओ हैरिटेज वॉक राष्ट्रीय जीव दिवस के उपलक्ष्य में रखी गई। इसमें डॉक्टर शिव सिंह राठौड़, डॉक्टर आर एल माथुर, डॉक्टर एस के वाघवन, जगत सिंह, महेंद्र सिंह, डॉक्टर गौड़, चंद्र प्रकाश, हुकमाराम, श्रीधर माथुर सहित पृथ्वी विज्ञान में संबंधित शिक्षक तथा इस विषय में रुचि रखने वाले नागरिकों ने भाग लिया।

Chandigarh Walk

Earth Science Center, Walkaround India,
Save the Himalaya Foundation

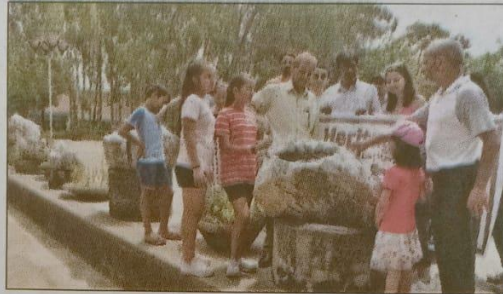


गवर्नमेंट म्यूजियम में मनाया गया भू-धरोहर दिवस

पृथ्वी विज्ञान केंद्र, सेव द
हिमालय फाउंडेशन एवं
वॉकअराउंड इंडिया
द्वारा कार्यक्रम आयोजित

जगमार्ग न्यूज

चंडीगढ़। पृथ्वी विज्ञान केंद्र (ईएससी, कसौली) ने सेव द हिमालय फाउंडेशन और वॉकअराउंड इंडिया के सहयोग से, चंडीगढ़ के गवर्नमेंट म्यूजियम में भू-धरोहर दिवस मनाया और महत्वपूर्ण धरोहरों के संरक्षण की आवश्यकता के बारे में जागरूकता पैदा करने के लिए जियो हेरिटेज वॉक का आयोजन किया। पृथ्वी विज्ञान केंद्र, कसौली के संस्थापक, डॉ. रितेश आर्य ने



कहा, पृथ्वी के इतिहास और इसके प्राणियों की भू-धरोहरों का इतिहास 4.6 अरब वर्ष पुरानी चट्टानों में अच्छी तरह से संरक्षित है। इन चट्टानों की खोज से भूगर्भीय अतीत की समझ विकसित होती है। साथ ही यह उस समय के पर्यावरण और

जलवायु के बारे में जरूरी जानकारियां भी मुहैया कराती हैं। भू-धरोहरों के संरक्षण की अत्यधिक आवश्यकता है। सेव द हिमालय फाउंडेशन, चंडीगढ़ चैप्टर के महासचिव, नरविजय यादव ने कहा, ज्वालामुखी, उल्कापिंड और

हिमालय की ऊंचाई के कारण निर्मित हुई भूगर्भीय विशेषताएं, जलवायु परिवर्तन और विभिन्न प्रजातियों के विकास पर इसके असर के प्रमाण चट्टानों में दर्ज हैं। इन साइटों को एक बार खोजने के बाद इन्हें संरक्षित करने की आवश्यकता है, ताकि भविष्य की पीढ़ियों को यह जानकारी उपलब्ध हो सके। पीसी शर्मा, प्रभारी अधिकारी, सरकारी संग्रहालय ने यहां प्रदर्शित महत्वपूर्ण चट्टानों के बारे में जानकारी दी। वॉकअराउंड इंडिया की निदेशक डॉ. अविता खवास ने संग्रहालय में बच्चों का मार्गदर्शन किया। इस अवसर पर उपस्थित अन्य लोगों में अमित शर्मा, वॉकिंग मैन ऑफ चंडीगढ़, जो हर रोज 50,000 कदम चलते हैं।

द- पृथ्वी विज्ञान केंद्र (ईएससीए कसौली) ने सेव दि हिमालय फाउंडेशन और वॉक अराउंड इंडिया के सहयोग से, चंडीगढ़ गवर्नमेंट म्यूजियम में भू-धरोहर दिवस मनाया और महत्वपूर्ण धरोहरों के संरक्षण की आवश्यकता के बारे में जागरूकता पैदा करने के लिए जियो हेरिटेज वॉक का आयोजन किया। पृथ्वी विज्ञान केंद्र, कसौली के संस्थापक, डॉ. रितेश आर्य ने कहा कि पृथ्वी 4.6 अरब वर्ष पुरानी चट्टानों में अच्छी तरह से संरक्षित है। इन चट्टानों से भूगर्भीय अतीत की समझ विकसित होती है। साथ ही यह उस समय के पर्यावरण और जलवायु के बारे में जरूरी भी मुहैया कराती है।

